

# The Facility Perspective

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Diamond Light Source



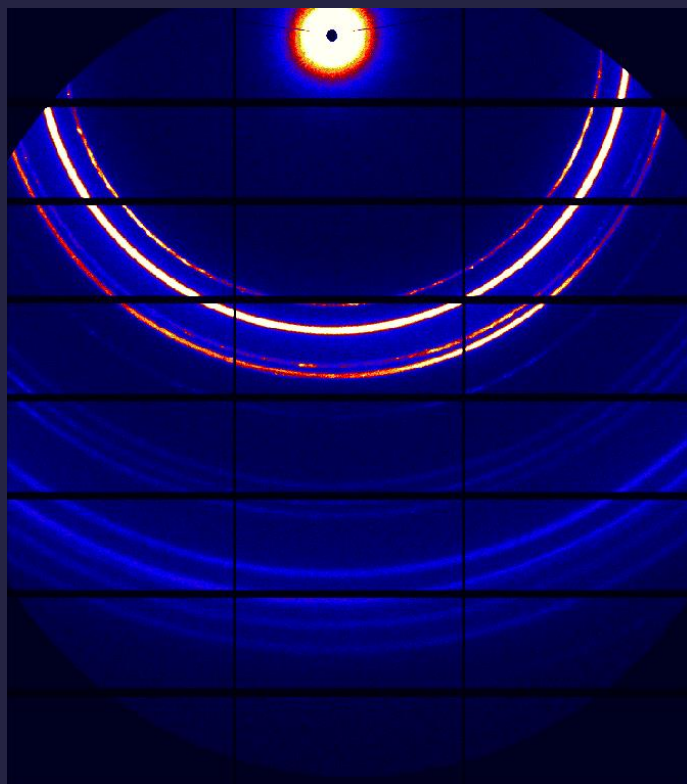
# Introduction

- Diamond Light Source
  - Synchrotron x-ray radiation source
- ISIS Neutron and Muon Source
  - Spallation radiation source
- Scientific Computing Application Resource for Facilities (SCARF)
  - Joint computing resource on the RAL site

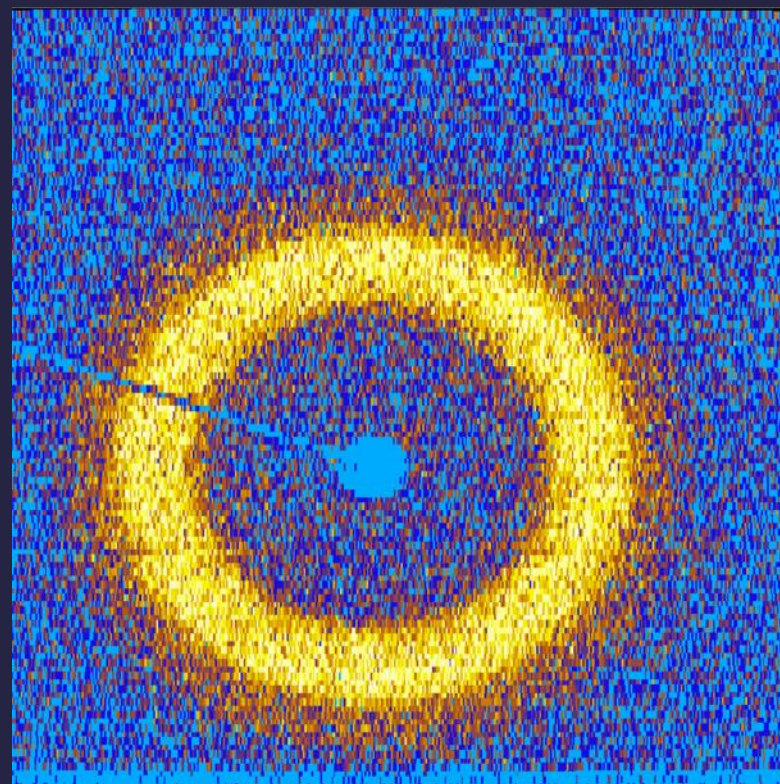


# Small angle scattering

*X-ray data*



*Neutron data*



# Image integration

- Advantages

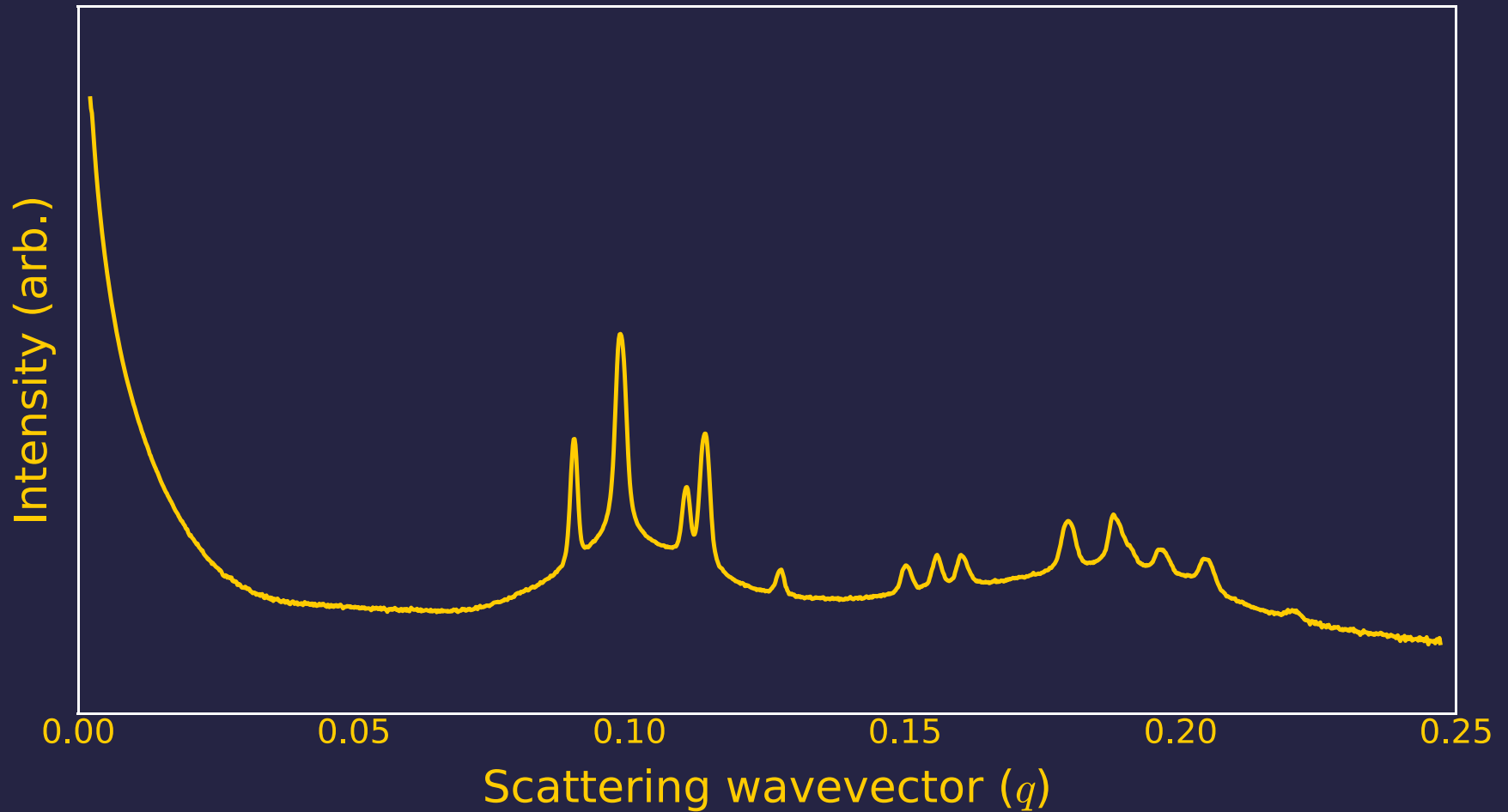
- Averaging data points mitigates scattering variation at a given  $q$  or  $\chi$  value
- Yields smaller datasets which can be compared by eye and analysed relatively quickly by computer

- Disadvantages

- Image integration results in information loss
- Mutual exclusivity between orientation and structural information
- Obscures the true nature of the sample scanned



# Small angle scattering



# Small angle scattering

## *Azimuthal ( $I$ vs. $q$ ) analysis*

- SasView
  - Shape and size fitting to SAS data
- Scåtter
  - $P(r)$  and  $R_g$  values from solution scattering
- SAS Portal
  - List of small angle scattering software
    - [www.smallangle.org](http://www.smallangle.org)



# How far should facilities go?

- Scattering is a tool and part of providing the tool should be analysis tools
  - The job of the facilities
- Analysis is where the science is to be found
  - The job of the user

*Data on disk is useless to everybody*



# Analysing complex datasets

- Currently
  - Biological users
    - Advantage from protein databank
    - Creation of simulation trajectory files catered for
  - Groups with simulation expertise
- Future
  - Polymer systems
  - Soft matter systems
  - Bio-mimetic systems





# HPC at RAL

- SCARF resources available
  - 420 nodes, 6,176 CPU cores, 32.5 TB RAM
  - Access, *via* FED ID, to all Diamond and ISIS users
- SASSIE is being installed on SCARF
  - Most dependencies installed
  - Collaboration with J. Curtis
    - [www.github.com/zazzie\\_1.5](http://www.github.com/zazzie_1.5)



# First steps

- Trajectory files and simulation constraints
  - Simplify process of creation
  - Some form of ‘intelligence’ required
  - Prevent users from analysing unphysical systems
- Commitment to SASSIE
  - Installation and setup of SASSIE on SCARF
  - Provision of HPC time by Diamond and ISIS
  - Initial user training



# Future steps

- Building on biological roots
  - Suite of tools for trajectory files
    - Colloidal systems
    - Polymer systems
    - Soft matter systems
- Develop simulation expertise at facilities
  - First point of contact
- Integrating SASSIE with RAL data analysis



# Final thoughts

- Scattering is a tool and part of providing the tool should be analysis tools
  - Pooling of resources and collaborations facilitating better resources for users
- Analysis is where the science is to be found
  - We must help users but, ultimately, they must work with their data to make discoveries

*Data on disk is useless to everybody*



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